



General Information:

- Name _____
- Emergency contact _____ Phone numbers _____
- Physician/healthcare provider _____ Phone numbers _____
- Physician signature _____ Date _____

Severity Classification <input type="radio"/> Intermittent <input type="radio"/> Mild Persistent <input type="radio"/> Moderate Persistent <input type="radio"/> Severe Persistent	Triggers <input type="radio"/> Colds <input type="radio"/> Smoke <input type="radio"/> Weather <input type="radio"/> Exercise <input type="radio"/> Dust <input type="radio"/> Air Pollution <input type="radio"/> Animals <input type="radio"/> Food <input type="radio"/> Other _____	Exercise 1. Premedication (how much and when) _____ 2. Exercise modifications _____ _____
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Green Zone: Doing Well

Symptoms

- Breathing is good
- No cough or wheeze
- Can work and play
- Sleeps well at night

Peak Flow Meter

More than 80% of personal best or _____

Peak Flow Meter Personal Best = _____

Control Medications:

Medicine	How Much to Take	When to Take It
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

Yellow Zone: Getting Worse

Symptoms

- Some problems breathing
- Cough, wheeze, or chest tight
- Problems working or playing
- Wake at night

Peak Flow Meter

Between 50% and 80% of personal best or _____ to _____

Contact physician if using quick relief more than 2 times per week.

Continue control medicines and add:

Medicine	How Much to Take	When to Take It
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

IF your symptoms (and peak flow, if used) return to Green Zone after one hour of the quick-relief treatment, THEN

- Take quick-relief medication every 4 hours for 1 to 2 days.
- Change your long-term control medicine by _____
- Contact your physician for follow-up care.

IF your symptoms (and peak flow, if used) DO NOT return to Green Zone after one hour of the quick-relief treatment, THEN

- Take quick-relief treatment again.
- Change your long-term control medicine by _____
- Call your physician/Healthcare provider within ____ hour(s) of modifying your medication routine.

Red Zone: Medical Alert

Symptoms

- Lots of problems breathing
- Cannot work or play
- Getting worse instead of better
- Medicine is not helping

Peak Flow Meter

Less than 50% of personal best or _____ to _____

Ambulance/Emergency Phone Number: _____

Continue control medicines and add:

Medicine	How Much to Take	When to Take It
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

Go to the hospital or call for an ambulance if:

- Still in the red zone after 15 minutes.
- You have not been able to reach your physician/healthcare provider for help.
- _____

Call an ambulance immediately if the following danger signs are present:

- Trouble walking/talking due to shortness of breath.
- Lips or fingernails are blue.